

## From:

Saad Enouri, BVSc, MSc, PhD Research Associate, Canadian gFARAD Ontario Veterinary College senouri@uoguelph.ca

Telephone: 519-824-4120 ext. 54984

To:

Telephone: Fax:

Email:

**Re:** Surmax<sup>™</sup> Premix, Avatec® Medicated Premix, Safe-

**Guard Premix** 

Case Id: ON-061220-21633

Date of Response: Jun 15, 2020 10:42:28 AM

## **Case Information:**

**Date Submitted** Jun 12, 2020 9:31:47 AM

Species Turkeys
Number of Animals 22000
Location of Animals

Reason for Use Prophylaxis

Additional Information The total length of time that Avilamycin will be given in-feed is greater

than 21 days (from 0 to 70 days of age).

## **Drugs Administered**

Drug Trade Name	Generics	Route	Dose	Diseases
Surmax™ Premix	• avilamycin	Oral - Feed	20 ppm (in feed) Continuously for 6 days	Alimentary:     necrotic     enteritis -     clostridium     perfringens
Avatec® Medicated Premix	lasalocid     sodium	Oral - Feed	100 ppm (in feed) Continuously for 6 days	Alimentary:     coccidiosis
Safe-Guard Premix	• fenbendazole	Oral - Feed	16 ppm (in feed) Continuously for 6 days	<ul> <li>Alimentary: <ul><li>endoparasites</li><li>ascarids</li></ul> </li> <li>Alimentary: <ul><li>endoparasites</li><li>heterakis</li></ul> </li> </ul>

## Response and Recommendation: 48 hours

Avilamycin is not approved for use in turkeys in Canada, and there are no maximum residue limits for turkeys. Therefore, any amount detected at slaughter will constitute a violative residue. The CqFARAD™ was able to obtain tissue depletion data for avilamycin used at 45 ppm for 21 days in turkeys from Elanco. Based on the results of the Elanco study, following a withdrawal interval of 24 hours should be sufficient for the use of avilamycin up to 45 ppm for 21 days in turkeys. Due to concerns regarding antimicrobial resistance, the Veterinary Drugs Directorate will no longer approve antimicrobials for continuous use throughout the production cycle and they strongly discourage extended durations of therapy. Therefore, we suggest that extended treatments with avilamycin should be avoided whenever possible and if used beyond 21 days, we recommend extending the above recommendation to at least 48 hours. Lasalocid is approved for use in turkey feeds for the prevention of coccidiosis at 100 ppm to be fed continuously "from day one (1) for sixteen (16) weeks for males and fourteen (14) weeks for females" with a zero day withdrawal time. Fenbendazole has just been approved as a dewormer for growing turkeys in Canada at 16 ppm to be fed for 6 days with a withdrawal time of 24 hours. We are not aware of any interaction between these drugs that would require further extension of the withdrawal intervals. Therefore, we recommend following a withdrawal interval of at least 48 hours for this combination.

Therefore, the Canadian gFARAD recommends a withdrawal interval of 48 hours, which should be sufficient so that detectable residues are not found. Furthermore, this recommendation for residue avoidance does not address the risks of developing or transmitting antimicrobial resistance from treated animals to other animals or humans following the extralabel use of this antimicrobial. Because the Canadian gFARAD withdrawal recommendation is not an official withdrawal time and is based on data that has not been reviewed nor approved by the Veterinary Drugs Directorate or the Canadian Food Inspection Agency, responsibility for residue violations rests with the attending veterinarian.

To review this request in CgFARAD: <a href="https://farad.usask.ca/cgfarad/vet/viewRequest?id=21633&langen">https://farad.usask.ca/cgfarad/vet/viewRequest?id=21633&langen</a>